

ALABAMA REPORTER
IS
PUBLISHED
EVERY THURSDAY MORNING
BY
T. J. CROSS & M. H. CRUIKSHANK
PROPRIETORS.

TERMS:
In advance, per annum, \$1.00
Single Copy, 10 cents, Cash.

ALL JOB WORK
ALABAMA REPORTER
THURSDAY MORNING, JULY 3.

Our friends who read our paper in this or the adjoining States will confer a favor on us and our subscribers by calling at our office in Mobile and sending out the paper to their respective places. These packages are regularly sent every Thursday and we are glad to send them out by the first opportunity presents itself. There is apparently a serious in Town, however, as regards the neighborhood of our office, where our paper has an extensive circulation and who could take them out without trouble. Call, gentlemen, and get the papers! We hope the mail will be re-established in a short time and all this difficulty will be obviated.

Cotton Stealing
Our exchanges are full with notices of cotton stealing and instances are mentioned where acres of bales of cotton are spirited away in a single night. As this is the only resource left by which a little money may be brought into the country, persons having cotton would do well to keep a sharp lookout. This cotton stealing seems to be a systematic business extending from Texas to Alabama, perhaps farther East. Again we say to your cotton.

Governor's sons, whose arrival is looked for with much anxiety, has not yet returned. We hope that he will be at home in any or two and enter at once upon the duties of his office. He will come the eastern route and probably stop at this place before he goes to Montgomery.

We had fine showers of rain on Monday and Tuesday last. These rains will save much of the corn that was pretty well given up a week since. The early corn is much of it too far gone to be benefited materially, but with suitable rains the later corn may yet give a good crop.

Mr. Editor:
While on a visit to I met our friends in John and up and down the river.

Alabama Reporter.

BY CROSS & CRUIKSHANK.

JUSTITIA ET VERITAS.

Four Dollars in Advance.

VOLUME XII.

TALLADEGA, ALA., JULY 13, 1865.

NO. 28.

The Impolicy of Disfranchising
ment.

As the question of disfranchising "rebels" is just now warmly debated it may not be inappropriate to quote the opinions of John Jay and Alex. Hamilton on the subject of adopting a policy with reference to the ex-tract from a letter of John Jay, then at Passy, in France, to Alexander Hamilton, in 1786.

"The American papers, for some months, contain advices that do us harm—violence and associations, against Tories pay an ill compliment to the government. * * The Tories are as much pitied in these countries as they are execrated in ours—and undue degree of severity towards them would be impolitic as well as unjustifiable. They, who incline to involve that whole class of men in indiscriminate punishment and ruin, certainly carry the matter too far. It would be an instance of unnecessary rigor and unmanly revenge without a parallel except in the annals of religious rage, in times of bigotry and blindness. What does it signify where nine-tenths of these people are buried? Victory and peace should, in my opinion, be followed by clemency, moderation and benevolence, and we should be careful not to sully the glory of the revolution by licentiousness and cruelty. These are my sentiments, and however unpopular they may be, I have not the least desire to conceal or disguise them."

This letter was doubtless written in reference to measures for disfranchisement of Tories, then pending at the instance of unthinking and violent persons before the people of New York.

Alexander Hamilton, who had fought on the side of the Whigs during the whole war, saw the fatal error of such a policy, and thus explains his views of it:

"A share in the sovereignty of the State which is exercised by the citizens at large is one of the most important rights of the subject, and in a republic ought to stand foremost in the estimation of the law. It is a will probably be about \$290,000,000. The receipts from customs, as compared with last year, show a decrease of nearly \$26,000,000, while those from internal revenue and sales of public lands are largely increased."

Special to Mobile Tribune.)
New Orleans, July 7.

Following dispatch has just been received from the United States.

mockery of common sense. The persons advocating such a policy pretend to appeal to the spirit of Whigism, while they endeavor to put in motion all the furious and dark passions of the human mind. The spirit of Whigism is generous, humane, beneficent and just. But these into a megalomaniac, revenge, cruelty, persecution and perfidy.

"The spirit of Whigism cherishes individual liberty, holds the rights of every individual sacred, condemns or punishes no man without regular trial and conviction of crime declared by antecedent law."

The disfranchisement policy did not prevail in New York. The Tories voted and the State was not ruined.

—Savannah Times.

Special Dispatch to Savannah Times.

Mobile, July 10.
A large fire occurred here yesterday, consuming entirely Williams & ready, claiming from the seizing parties to the Custom House refused clearance, and the boat discharged it after it had been shipped for New Orleans.

New York, July 2.—Benj. F. Perry has been appointed Provisional Governor of South Carolina by the usual reconstruction proclamation.

The intended revenue receipts for the fiscal year will fall short nearly one hundred millions.

The amount collected is only two hundred millions.

Fraudulent returns are suspected to be very common.

To-day the Herald warmly advocates qualified white suffrage.

Important to Texans.

We publish elsewhere this morning general orders number five, from Major General, concerning Texans, and Texas is of very great moment to loyal Texans now absent from their homes. We congratulate them on the fact that the General announces that they can return home with security, the Federal troops being in possession of the State. The organization of Home Guards and armed bands for self-protection will not be permitted in Texas, as the United States military forces will undertake and ensure the safety of individual rights. The inhabitants of neighborhoods infested with guerrillas will be held responsible for their acts. Gen. Sheridan says that the experience of the Georgia, C. R. Wood in Alabama.

Washington, June 30.—The following statement will show the receipts from customs, internal revenue and the sale of public lands for eleven months and three weeks for the fiscal year ending to-day.

From the customs, \$7,640,188,272; from internal revenue, about \$500,000; from sales of public land, \$38,148,940; total, \$28,218,822,142. The total receipts from the above sources for the eleven months and three weeks, compared with last year, show a decrease of nearly \$26,000,000, while those from internal revenue and sales of public lands are largely increased.

Special to Mobile Tribune.)
New Orleans, July 7.

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Special to M. O. Times.

Mobile, July 5.—Yesterday was observed by the usual salutes at sunrise, noon and night.

The negroes had a large turnout and celebration.

The citizens generally remained at home.

all public places were closed.

COTTON STEALING IN ALABAMA.—THE APPOINTMENT OF JUDGE PARSONS AS GOVERNOR OF LOUISIANA.

Mobile, July 6.—Persons from the interior report cotton stealing quite prevalent.

Places where quantities of Confederate cotton were piled have not a bale now. All of it has been lifted.

The appointment of Parsons as Provisional Governor gives general satisfaction in Mobile.

Six hundred barrels crude tar, having been seized and was claimed from the seizing parties to the Custom House refused clearance, and the boat discharged it after it had been shipped for New Orleans.

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THE SOUTH IN ADVERSITY.

When Napoleon overran Prussia in his brilliant but terrible 1806 campaign, obtaining a peace which confined to him most of her fortresses and, nearly, half her population, her ruin was on all hands deemed complete and beyond remedy. Very few, even of her own statesmen, supposed she could, within the brief remission, resume the place won for her by her great Frederick among the continental European Powers. Yet seven years had not passed, when, before she had fought a fresh battle, she recovered a square mile of territory, she threw a weighty sword into the scale of Lechinsing, and entered as the ally and peer of Russia, upon the triumphant war of Liberation. For the genius of her statesmen, the ardor of her patriots, the organizing skill of her great soldiers, had meantime recovered and enlarged her strength and from the ruins of the Kingdom had exalted the might of the Nation. And Prussia remains to this day a substantial gainer by her sudden, stupendous downfall in 1806.

The South, however, has not so many years to recover from the disaster which she has suffered. Her resources are exhausted, her cities devastated, her resources exhausted. She stands here, all on a great throw, and lost hence, she how sits, amid ashes and ruins.

Yet the South has still the elements of a great prosperity—a speedy recovery of all the material wealth she has sacrificed and a rapid advance in knowledge, industry, wealth, refinement and power. In climate, soil, timber, minerals, inland navigation, water power, and nearly every element of material wealth, she is scarcely surpassed; while the commercial world is hungry for immense quantities of her staples and ready to buy them at extraordinary prices. Capital from other lands is eager to flow into her lap—to buy her lands and hire her labor at prices far above those of the past, and to purchase all the Cotton, Sugar, Rice, Tobacco, Naval Stores, &c., &c., she can produce for years to come at not less than double the cost of their production. In all the known world, there is not another field for the employment alike of Capital and Labor so promising as is afforded throughout the length and breadth of the Slave States.

All that the South requires to insure a speedy realization of these brilliant prospects is harmony by her own efforts. Let her people but resolve not to quarrel among themselves—not to oppress and trample down each other—but to help and be helped, live and let live, in a spirit of fraternity and justice, and they will soon forget their present misfortune in the enjoyment of an undisturbed plenitude of well being.—If they will not insist on biting off their own noses they will have none to molest or make them afraid.—N. Y. Tribune.

New Commander for Alabama.

The following we find in the New York Herald of the 24th ult; from which it will appear that Gen. Wood is to be placed in command of this State:

Major Gen. George H. Thomas on Thursday last issued at Nashville, his headquarters, his official order on assuming charge of his new command the Military Division of the Tennessee, embracing the States of Kentucky, Tennessee, Georgia, Alabama and Florida. His subordinate departmental commanders will be Generals J. M. Palmer in Kentucky, J. B. Steed in Tennessee, C. R. Wood in Alabama, and A. Humphreys in Florida.